[Lt.-Col. R. W. Burton in 'The Indian Wild Dog' (Journal, Vol. 41: 691-715) lists records of fights between wild dog and tiger and suggests that the most frequent reason for such encounters probably is 'the killing by a tiger of an animal being hunted by the dogs and the ensuing fight for their quarry by the ravening pack'.—EDS.]

2. 'BAT MIGRATION IN INDIA AND OTHER NOTES ON BATS' : A CORRECTION

In my paper 'Bat Migration in India and Other Notes on Bats' (1948, J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc. 47: 522-526) I mentioned Rhinolophus rouxi (Temm.) as one of the bats ringed at Elephanta Island, Bombay, by me together with Sálim Ali and Charles McCann. In May 1963, when I visited the island with Lord Medway, he drew my attention to the fact that the smaller bat with pointed ears (which in my paper I had referred to as Rhinolophus rouxi) was in fact Hipposideros speoris (Schneider). Later, at the Society's Office, we verified that four specimens collected by McCann in 1942 and marked R. rouxi are in fact H. speoris. This error was noticed by M. Brosset when examining the skins in the Society's office, but was not then separately recorded as I thought it would be referred to in his paper. It would appear, therefore, that our earlier notes were based on a wrong identification.

Incidentally, several of the bats seen by us in May 1963 bore rings, presumably those placed by Brosset in November 1959 and February 1961 (1962, J. Bombay nat. Hist. Soc. 59: 612).

Messrs Faiz & Co., 75, Abdul Rehman Street, Bombay 3, July 18, 1963.

HUMAYUN ABDULALI

3. A PIEBALD *RATTUS NORVEGICUS* (BERKENHOUT) FROM BOMBAY

(With a plate)

During the rat-flea survey of G/north Ward of Greater Bombay a curious solitary female specimen of rat was trapped on 6 February 1960 in the locality of Library Road, Dadar. It was heavily infested, all twenty-five fleas being Xenopsilla cheopis (Rothschild).